Olena Slavkova
Sumy National Agrarian University, Sumy, Ukraine
ORCID /0000-0002-1864-0810

Andrii Sukhostavets,
Swiss Foundation for Technical Cooperation for Development Swisscontact.,
Kyiv, Ukraine
ORCID 0000-0002-4101-4105

RESILIENCE OF AGRICULTURAL PRODUCT SUPPLY CHAINS AS A PRIORITY OF AGRARIAN POLICY IN ENSURING FOOD SECURITY

The article examines the theoretical and applied foundations for developing resilient supply chains of agricultural products as a priority of modern agrarian policy in ensuring food security. It is substantiated that under conditions of wartime risks, damage to transport and port infrastructure, rising logistics costs, and the reorientation of export flows, traditional models of supply chain management focused mainly on cost minimization are insufficient. It is determined that the resilience of agricultural supply chains should be understood as the ability of the system to withstand disruptions, adapt to changes, maintain the continuity of key processes, and restore its functioning after crisis impacts. The multidimensional nature of resilience is revealed, covering logistical, organizational, financial, institutional, informational, and socio-economic components. Particular attention is paid to the importance of adaptability, which is manifested in route diversification, the development of alternative sales channels, the digitalization of information exchange, coordination among market participants, and the strengthening of the role of state support. The grain supply chain in Ukraine is proposed to be considered as a system of interconnected participants, processes, resource flows, and information flows that ensure the production, storage, processing, transportation, sale, and consumption of agricultural products. The impact of supply chain formation elements on food security is summarized. It is proven that agrarian policy should be aimed not only at supporting production but also at developing logistics infrastructure, processing capacities, financial instruments, cooperation, and digital risk monitoring. The practical significance of the study lies in identifying directions for increasing the resilience of agricultural supply chains in order to support the stability of the agricultural sector and food security in Ukraine.

Keywords: agricultural products; supply chains; resilience; adaptability; agrarian policy; food security; logistics infrastructure; wartime risks, sustainable development.